

Drone acquired imagery for characterising ecological restoration areas in Northland

Tātai whenua, tātai tangata, tātai oranga Connecting the land, the people, and their wellbeing -Reconnecting Northland Glenn Aguilar, Hema Wihongi Environmental and Animal Sciences

Supporting Ecological Restoration and Connectivity

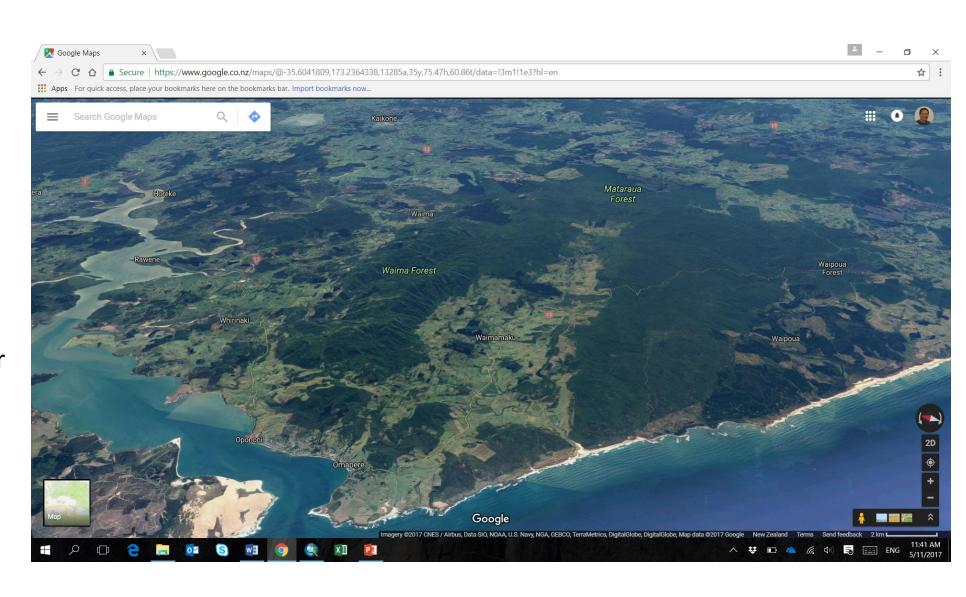
Areas of the Tutamoe, Hokianga, and Ahipara Ecological Districts:

River catchments:

Waipoua,
Waimamaku,
Whirinaki,
Waimā,
Mangakāhia,
The Hokianga Harbour

Forests:

Waipoua, Waimā Warawara Mataraua













Aims and Objectives

Develop methodologies for effective use of drone to produce:

Baseline maps of vegetation for ecological restoration Processes to characterise different classes of plants and or ground cover

Provide videos and photographs of the indigenous forest areas and remarkable landscapes for story telling

Background

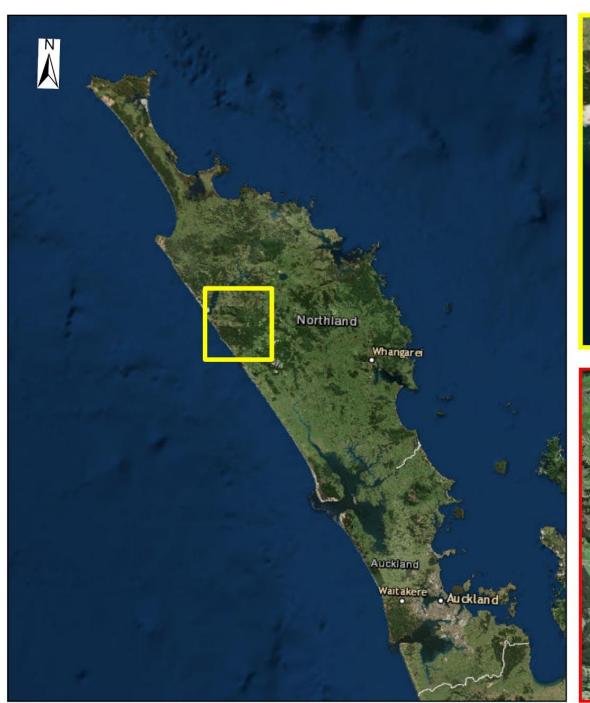
Imagery taken by sensors on-board satellites or aircraft is currently available and commonly used

Low resolution (30 m), for global or country-wide coverage, not recent May not meet requirements for high resolution for community based ecological restoration

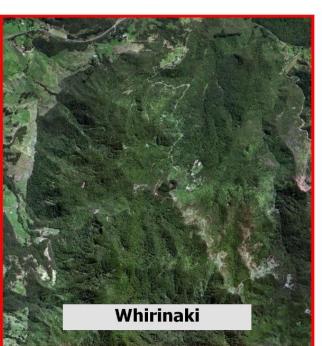
Advancement in drone technology

Low health and safety risk, convenient, low cost missions possible Sensors now available with very high resolution (mm scale is possible) Multi-visit/recent imagery possible

Involvement in He Ripo Kau Landscape Scale Restoration Project







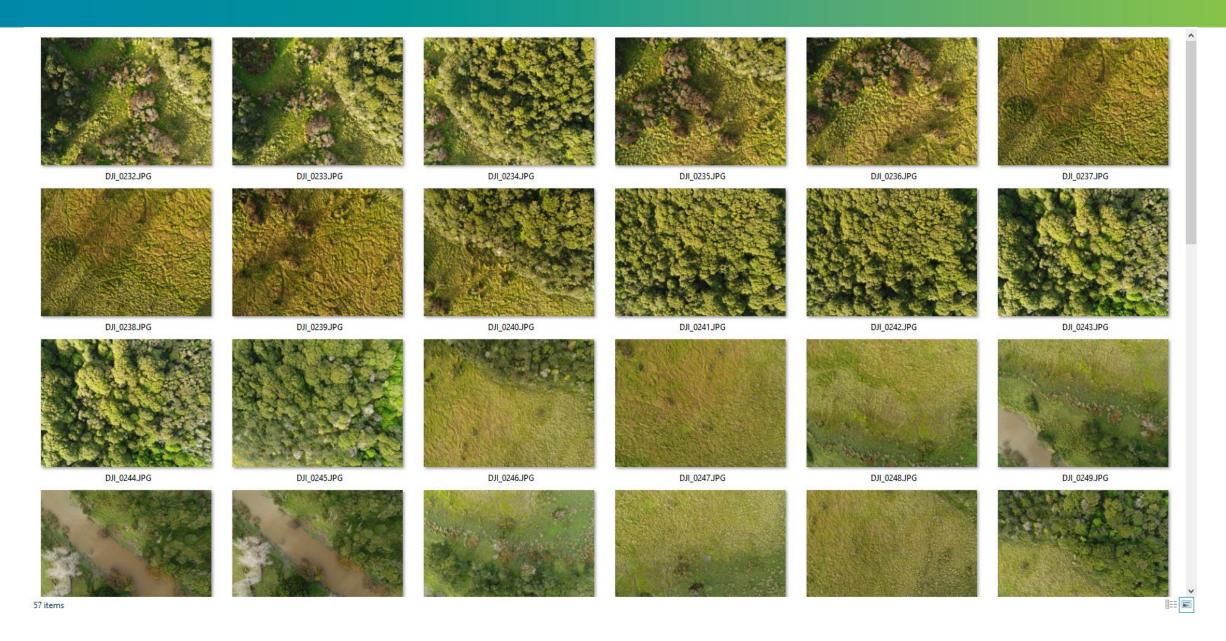




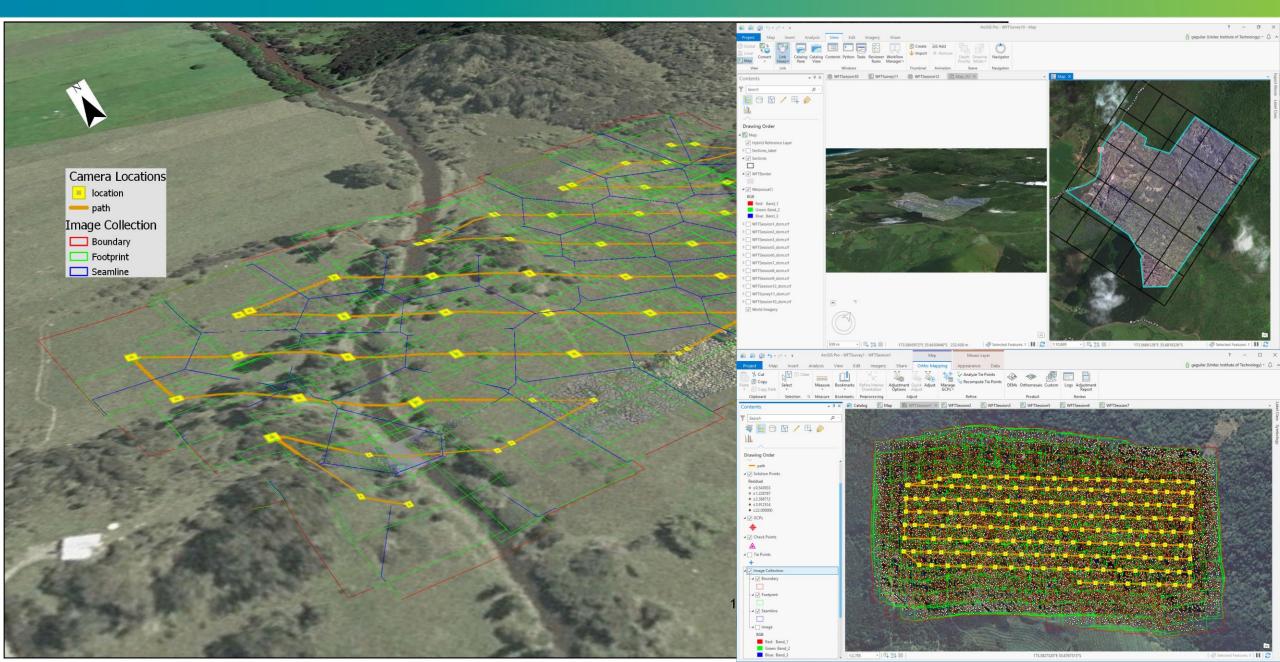
Methodology

- Image acquisition
- Processing
- Classification of imagery
- Creation of stories of the landscape





Processing in ArcGIS Pro



Outputs (Spatial Artefacts)

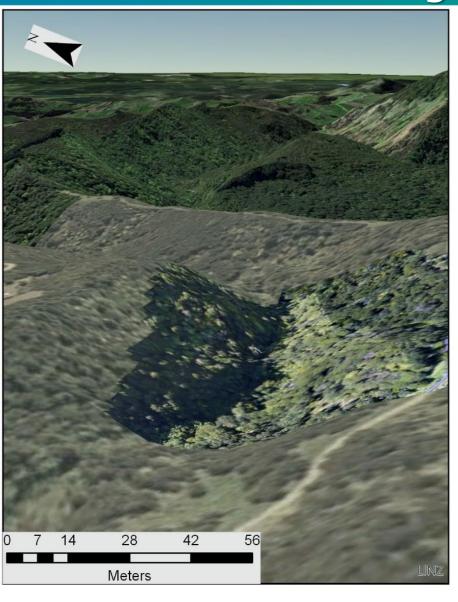
- Mosaiced and Orthomapped Imagery
- Maps of areas
- 3D models
- Movies of the landscape
- Classification of sites
- Story maps for information and education

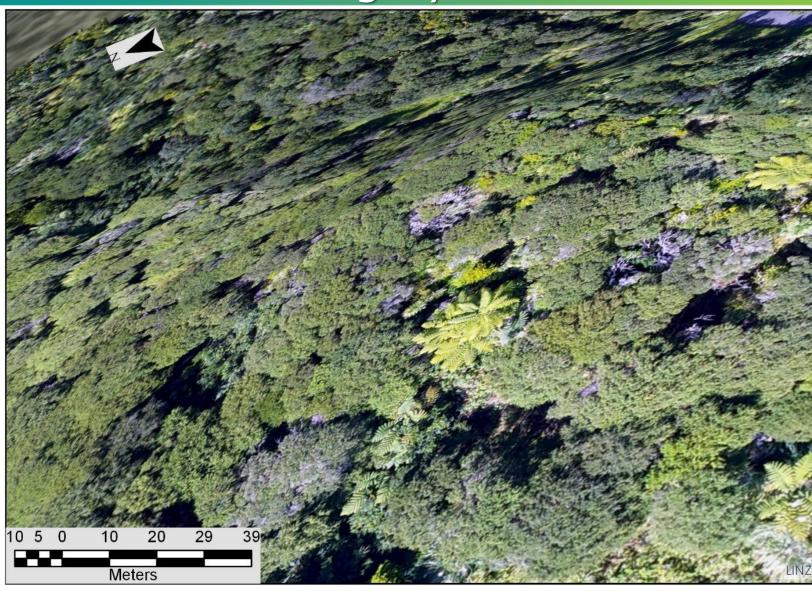
Mosaiced and Orthomapped High Resolution Imagery

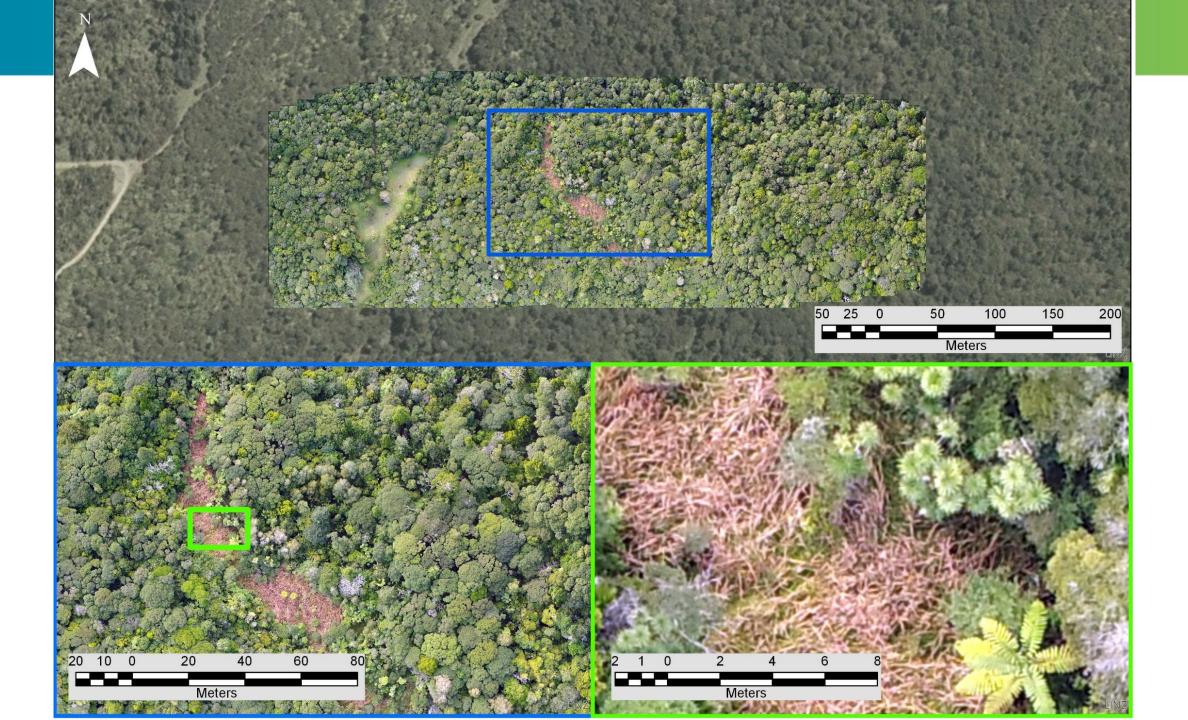




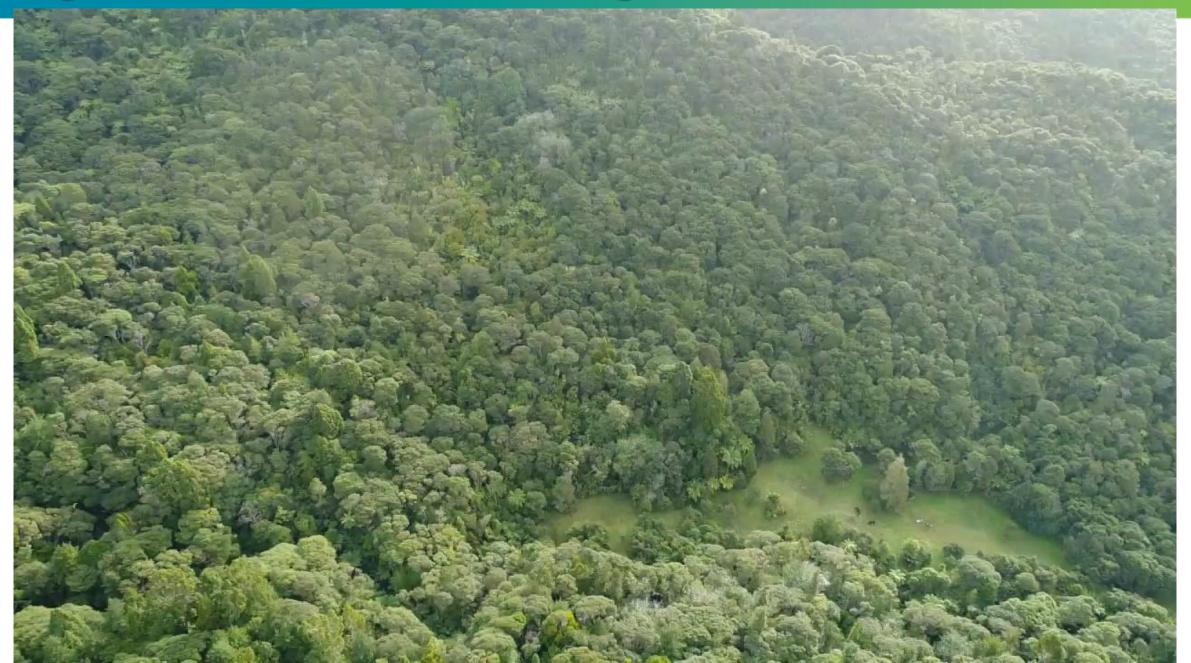
3D models and High Resolution Imagery







High Resolution Video Footage



3D model: Taheke

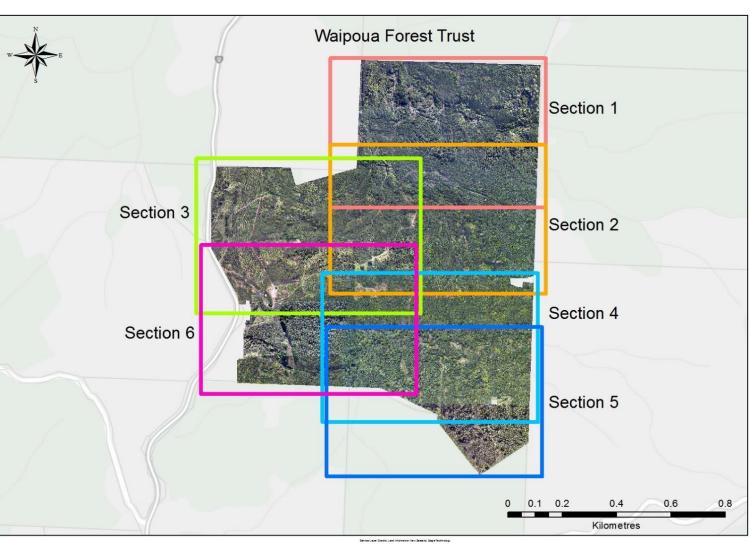


3D for Unlimited Viewing and Image Manipulation

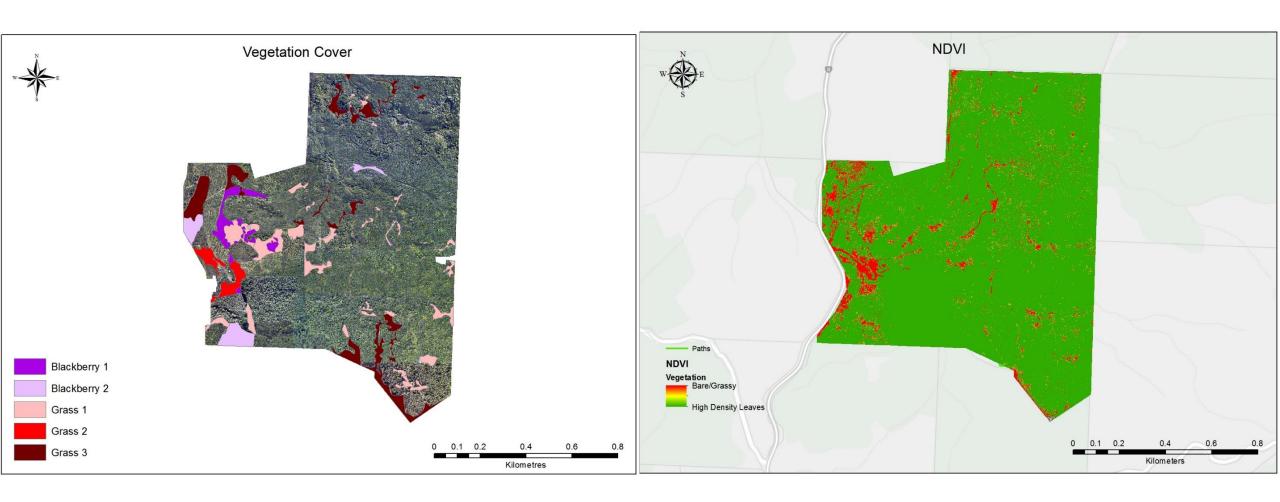


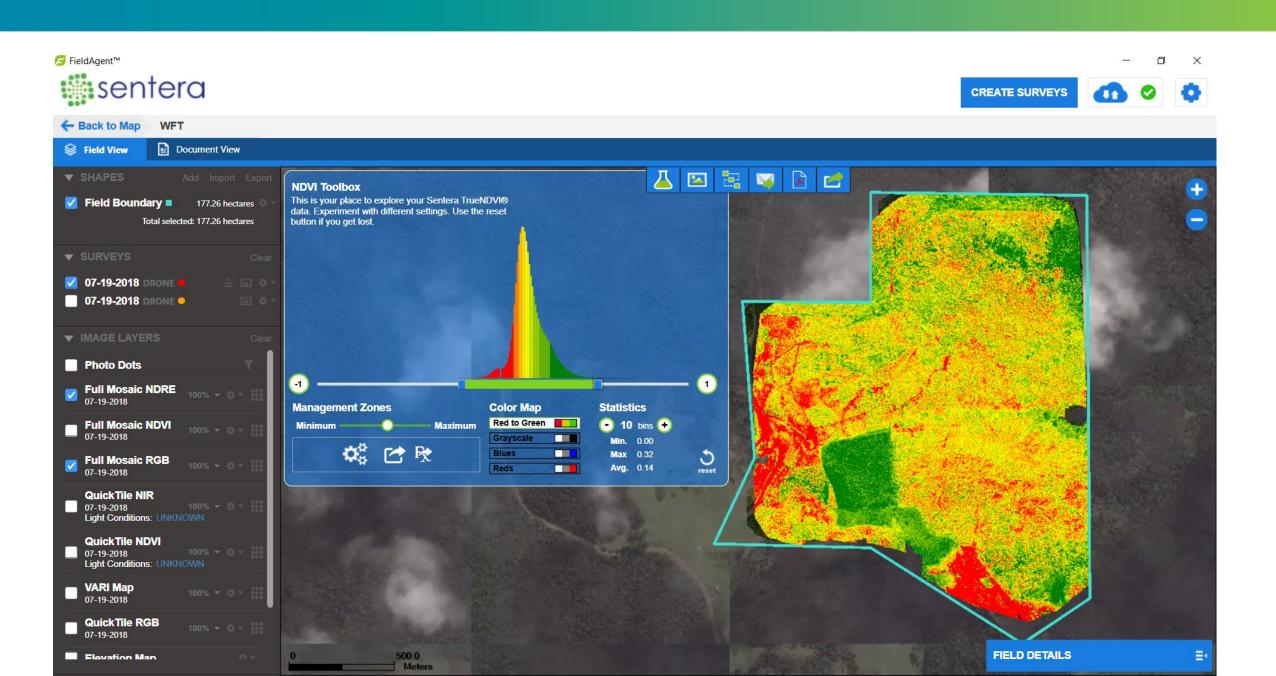
Maps of areas



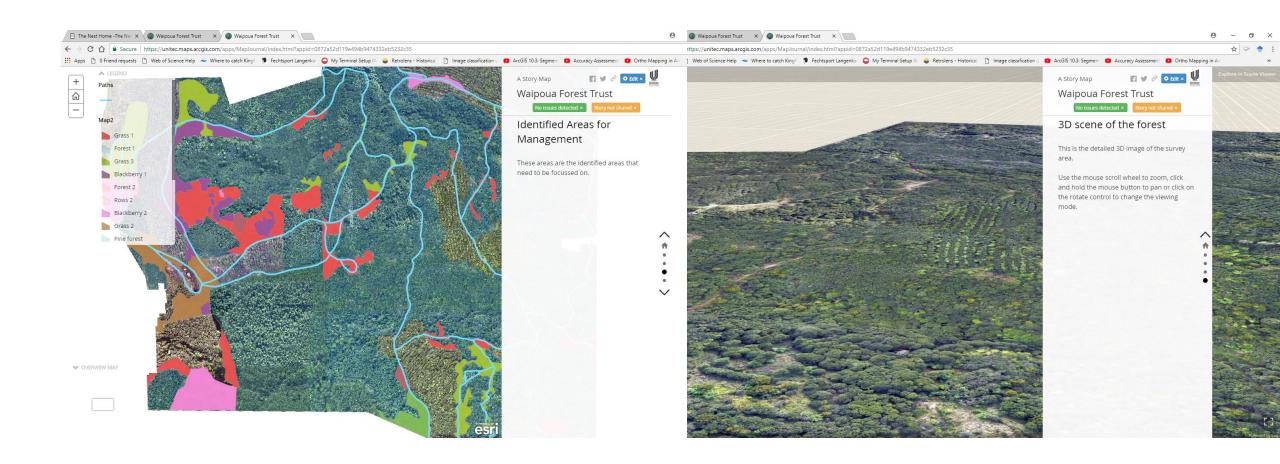


Classification of Vegetation Cover



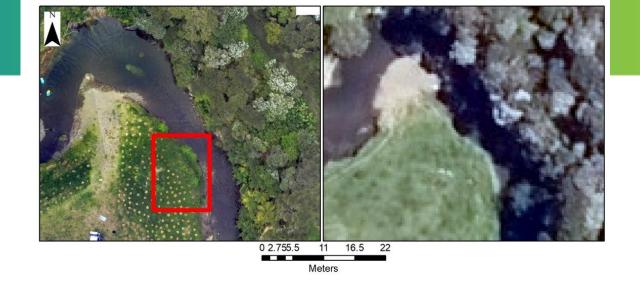


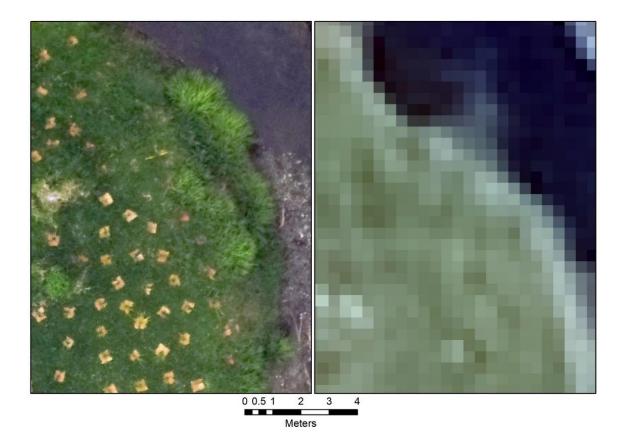
Story Map Output



Advantage of high resolution images

- Higher resolution compared to available satellite and aerial imagery
- Multiple revisit/resurvey capabilities
- Flight convenience
- Availability of technologies and off the shelf solutions

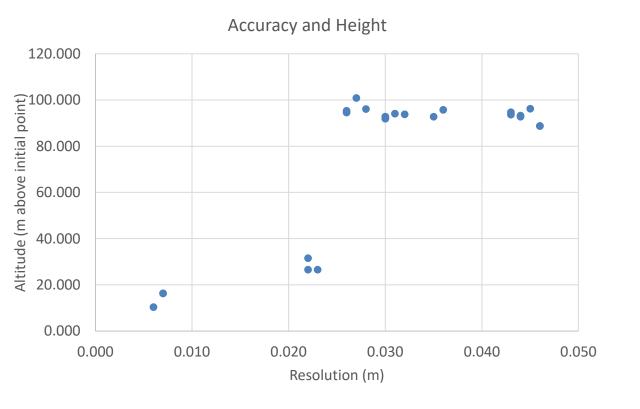


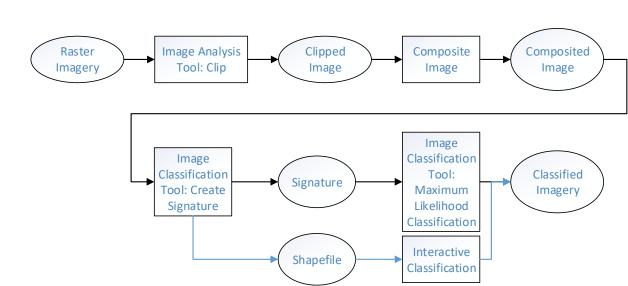


Results

1) Optimum Settings and Workflow Diagrams

Flight speed < 20 kph Wind Speed < 15 kph Height < 95m (area dependent) 6 Batteries Drone Return Height 50m





Results

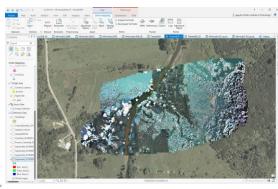
2) Trade-off between processing time: using ArcGIS Pro (lengthy) vs Online Mosaic Order (costs)

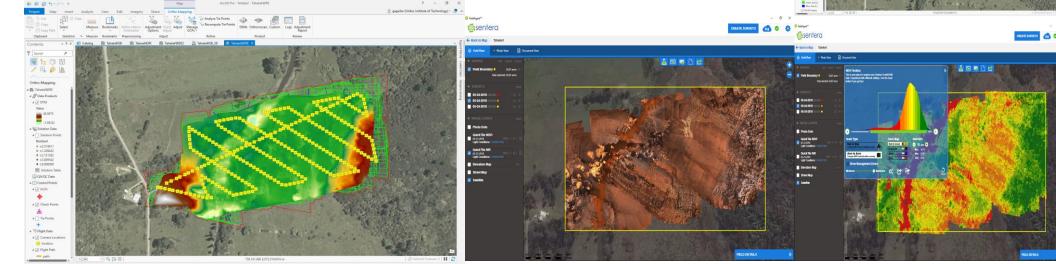
Summary	No of	Images with	Unsolvable	Altitude	Adjustment	Orthomosaic	Size of	Ground
	Images	Error	Images	in m	Time	Time	Results (GB)	Resolution
Taheke RGB	57	0	9	31.58	0:20:54	0:05:18	1.09	0.022
Taheke NDRE	303	0	2	26.57	0:26:28	0:30:02	4.50	0.023
Taheke NDVI	303	0	1	26.57	1:54:32	0:08:20	2.71	0.022
Whirinaki RGB	195	0	30	94.78	1:02:18	0:19:15	4.77	0.103
Whirinaki NDRE	341	. 0	20	91.18	1:59:43	0:57:00	13.29	0.106
Whirinaki NDVI	341	. 0	4	92.60	1:09:19	0:58:48	13.40	0.121
Waipoua RGB	1311	. 9	38	70.77	10:30:10	61:49:01	836.05	0.035

Results

3) Classification Accuracy:

Measure of Image Accuracy	Supervised	Unsupervised (ISO Cluster- Maximum Likelihood)	Machine Learning (SVM)	Segmented (Object Based)	Manual
Overall Accuracy	0.51	0.40	0.38	0.65	0.88
Kappa Index of Agreement (should be greater than 0.60)	0.45	0.32	0.13	0.50	0.75





Further Work and Recommendations

- More drone surveys for 13 hapu and community groups
- GIS for He Ripo Kau
- High performance computer requirements
- Software for more powerful classifiers (eCognition)
- Community-based drone and mapping capability building





Taheke Marae



turangawaewae o kauri

Whirinaki Toiora Trust